

The Intelligencer

VOLUME II.

ANDERSON, S. C. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1915.

NUMBER 218.

BULGARIAN MOBILIZATION MAY SETTLE QUESTION OF BALKANS' INTENTIONS

ENGLISH PAPERS REFRAIN FROM COMMENT ON DE- VELOPMENTS

BRITISH BELIEVE BULGARIA NEUTRAL

Dispatch Denies Germans Asked Serbia to Remain Quiet While They Moved South.

London, Sept. 22.—While Bulgaria's mobilization, the war move that may solve the riddle of the Balkans, struck London suddenly, afternoon papers remained silent editorially and England was none the wiser as to whether the development was considered a preliminary victory for Germany or merely another turn in the Balkan negotiations. London is inclined to believe Bulgaria is still neutral, still waiting to be armed.

The Bulgarian minister here says general activity is reported on the Serbian frontier and Nish denies that the Germans asked Serbia to remain quiet while the Germans moved southward.

On the eastern front the Germans claim progress save at the northern tip of the Polish front where the Russians are on the offensive near Friedland. Indications are that the German attempts to encircle the retreating Russians south of Vilna was unsuccessful.

Violent bombardments continue in the Flanders section western front. Italian artillery is active in Dalmatia. The Bulgarian premier assured his supporters yesterday that Rumania and Greece would remain neutral.

Athens, Sept. 22.—On receipt of news that Bulgaria has ordered a general mobilization of her troops, King Constantine summoned to conference Premier Venizelos and the army general staff. The premier was subsequently called to a cabinet meeting. Greek activity among the entente representatives, British, French and Russian ministers conferred.

It is understood here that four divisions totalling 100,000 infantry and several cavalry regiments will be first mobilized. Several cavalry regiments have already left Sofia for unknown destination.

The entente diplomats generally recognize that their cause is lost and Bulgaria is manifesting clearly a tendency toward the Germanic powers. This is due to dissatisfaction of the government at Serbia's reply in negotiations for territorial concessions in Macedonia and the conduct of Greece in the same connection.

Government circles stated today that military measures are preventive in nature and designed solely to guard against circumstances which might threaten Bulgaria's position in present situation, which is developing with extraordinary rapidity. These measures consist in turning over the railroads to the military and suspending ordinary traffic.

Reports from many parts of Bulgaria tell of enthusiastic demonstrations favoring the government. This is considered symptomatic of public feeling.

German Opinion.
Berlin, Sept. 22.—German newspapers interpret the news from the Serbian frontier as the beginning on a large scale of an offensive against Serbia. A final reckoning with the state is regarded here as responsible for the war. Newspapers make guarded references to the strength of the army garrisoning on the Danube.

To Lay New Mine Field.
Amsterdam, Sept. 22.—Berlin dispatches announce that a new mine field will be laid at the outlet channels between the Danish island of Zealand and Sweden which connects the Baltic with the Kattegat and the Bosphorus.

AMERICAN PHYSICIANS CONQUER DEADLY TYPHUS

Naples, Sept. 22.—Dr. Richard Strong, head of the American sanitary commission in Serbia, on his way home here, said that the American doctors would leave Serbia October tenth feeling assured that another epidemic is unlikely to afflict Serbia.

The entire Serbian army, he said, had been inoculated against cholera and typhus and the people informed as to the best ways to prevent contagion.

The epidemic was virtually suppressed in August and the spread of typhus in Montenegro prevented.

ELBERTON NEGRO KILLED BY POSSE

Had Wounded Sheriff Haley and Chief of Police and Barricaded Self in House.

Elberton, Sept. 22.—Nelson Statman, a negro, was shot to death by a posse after wounding Sheriff Haley and Police Chief Irvin in a fight to dislodge the negro from a house where he was barricaded. He was finally smoked out. The negro wounded Thomas Robinson, a railroad conductor Wednesday. None of the white were fatally shot.

DUTCH STEAMER SUNK BY MINE

Was Kept Afloat and is Being Towed Up Thames—Pas- sengers Transferred.

London, Sept. 22.—The Dutch steamer Kenigen Emma, which struck a mine while en route to Amsterdam from Batavia, Java, kept afloat and is being towed up the Thames river. Her two hundred and fifty passengers were transferred to the Dutch steamer Batavier Fourth, which is proceeding to Tilbury. It is reported here that the Danish steamer Thorvaldson has been sunk and her crew saved.

FRENCH VESSEL AIDS ARMENIANS

Five Thousand Rescued After Holding Turks at Bay Since July.

Paris, Sept. 22.—Rescue by French warships of a large band of Armenians from pursuing Turks is recounted in a statement issued last night by the marine ministry, which says 5,000 Armenians including 3,000 women, children and old men, took refuge in the Djebel Mous mountains at the end of July, and kept the Turks off until the beginning of September when ammunition and provisions gave out.

They succeeded in getting word to a French cruiser. Immediately the French cruiser of the blockading squadron off the Syrian coast went to their aid, and took them to Port Said.

SAYS WAR WILL CAUSE GENERAL DEPRESSION

Former Senator Burton Predicts Higher Interest and Less Cap- ital as Result of Conflict.

Denver, Sept. 22.—Higher rate of interest, decrease in capital available for investment, decline in railroad building and temporary shrinkage in the volume of commercial and industrial activities will be results of the war in the opinion of Theodore S. Burton, former United States senator from Ohio. Burton spoke at a banquet of the Investment Bankers association.

Ford Confers With De Vets.
Washington, Sept. 22.—Henry Ford, of Detroit, discussed peace with the president, means of perfecting gasoline motors for submarines and aeroplanes with Secretary Daniels. Daniels promised to furnish Ford with a history of the difficulty the navy has with gasoline motors. Ford promised to try to correct defects.

Germany Deny Aetion.
Amsterdam, Sept. 22.—A semi-official statement issued from Berlin says after inquiry the German admiralty contradicts the statement of the British admiralty and it can be stated that no German submarines are responsible for the attack on the Hesperian.

Another Note on War P. Frye.
Washington, Sept. 22.—Another note from Germany on the sinking of the American ship William B. Franke by the commerce raider Prinzess Friedricha has been received by the state department and communicated to the president.

French Bombard Stuttgart.
Paris, Sept. 22.—French aviators bombarded Stuttgart, 900 capital of the kingdom of Wurtemberg, according to tonight's official report. They dropped a hundred bombs on the royal place and railway station.

Federal Battery Ready on Mexican Border.



Upper—Cannon pointed to Matamoros across from Brownsville. Lower—Finding range for cannon from International Bridge.

Cannon have been placed in position near Brownsville for the expected attack of Mexicans on the city. Those shown in this photograph are trained on Matamoros waiting for the first sign of trouble. The lower photograph was taken on the International Bridge. It shows American soldiers finding the range for the cannon nearby. Now everything is in place and an attack from Matamoros may mean serious trouble.

BELIEVES ANARCHY WILL FOLLOW RECOGNITION OF CARRANZA BY CONFEREES

Washington, Sept. 22.—Urging that a convention be held and a provisional government set up in Mexico despite Carranza's refusal to participate, Roque Gonzalez Garza, once president of the Mexican conventional government issued a statement tonight predicting of Carranza in a military sense. He said neither Villa or Carranza control the situation and the peace convention plan means protracted warfare with both factions exhausting one another.

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 22.—Gen. Calles, Carranza commander, whose army retreated before an attack by Yaqui Indians, is reported preparing to make a stand at Molina, twenty-five miles west of Cananea.

Villa Troops Moving.
Washington, Sept. 22.—State department advices confirm reports that Villa is moving all his available forces in northern Mexico into Sonora, with the evident purpose of attacking Carranza troops under Calles. Reports say over a dozen Villa troop trains have reached Juarez, and proceeded toward Sonora.

Official Denial Made That Residence Portion of City Was Shelled By Germans.

Berlin, Sept. 22.—The Germans deny officially they shelled Warsaw after its evacuation by the Russians, says an Overseas Agency report. It asserts that the Germans never shelled Warsaw and the bombardment after the evacuation were not by the Germans, but by the Russians.

ANGLO-FRENCH LOAN NOT YET ARRANGED

Some Bankers Intimate There Might Be Eleventh Hour Changes in Plans.

New York, Sept. 22.—The anticipated announcement of the success of Anglo-French loan commission's work here was not forthcoming today. The commissioners were in session until late tonight but the matters discussed were not disclosed.

Several American bankers ventured the opinion that there might be an eleventh hour change in plans.

REPORT BULGARIA HAS
AGREED TO REMAIN NEUTRAL

London, Sept. 22.—M. Radekavoff, Bulgarian premier, announced to supporters the signing of a convention with Turkey for future maintenance of armed neutrality, says the Times' Sofia correspondent.

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TROLLEY DROPS IN HOLE CAUSED BY EXPLOSION

DYNAMITE EXPLOSION WRECKED SUBWAY CAR IN NEW YORK

BODIES OF SIX WERE RECOVERED

Surface Car Carrying Eighty-Five Passengers Fell Fifteen Feet in Bebris.

New York, Sept. 22.—Six bodies, two passengers and four laborers were removed tonight from the wreck of the section of the Seventh avenue subway excavation which was destroyed today by a dynamite blast. The passengers were on the trolley which plunged into the excavation when the explosion destroyed its temporary supports. Comparatively few passengers were dangerously injured. Four investigations are under way.

New York, Sept. 22.—Seven, as reported by the police, have been killed, and over a score of others seriously injured, when a dynamite explosion in an excavation of the new Seventh street subway caused a cave in engulfing a surface car and numerous pedestrians. It occurred shortly before eight o'clock. Over half of the injured are women and girls on the way to work. There were seventy-eight passengers on the car which fell fifteen feet. The entire block on Seventh avenue, between the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth street cars, the car was partly buried although standing upright. Many passengers were badly crushed.

People in a nearby sky-scraper, said there was a great roar by the street, water and gas mains were broken and prompt work of city employees in shutting them off, saved a hundred or more persons.

The police reserve was called, there were two fire alarms and fifteen ambulances were called. The police and firemen carried out the dead and injured, while the contractor employees frantically dug away the debris. The first body was found, however, later, after fifty injured had been taken out, two died on the way to the hospital.

SLAVS ESCAPE GERMAN RING

Some of Russia's Finest Troops Were Risked in Eluding Teu- tons—Main Body of Russian Forces Safe.

London, Sept. 22.—Specials from Petrograd agree that the Russians have withdrawn safely from the Vilna salient, the strategic value of which was considered so great that the Russian staff left justified in "risking some of its best troops to defend it to the last possible moment. The withdrawing Russians are said to have destroyed everything of military utility. Although the main arm is probably safe it is hardly likely that the whole Russian force will escape without heavy losses of men and guns. Hindenburg's cavalry, which was expected to complete the encircling movement still is held up between Smorgan and Moolodochno, on the Vilna, Lida and Slonim flank. The German advance is proceeding steadily, but Prince Leopold's progress is slower, while Mackensen has come to a pause beyond the Perpet marshes.

If the Russian retreat is to be stopped successfully, the swiftest movement must come from the south and the Germans must reap the full advantage of their efforts within a week.

The Zsmatvo conference at Moscow as predicted petitioned Emperor Nicholas to recall the duma and to form a cabinet responsive to the people's wishes.

The protracted duels along the western front have been relieved by several infantry attacks.

Each Fighting in West.
Paris, Sept. 22.—Artillery fighting on the western front has broken out in Belgium, according to a French official report, and also near Arras, between Somme and Oise, between the Aisne and Argonne and in Lorraine. Eight French aeroplanes bombarded a railway station between Verdun and Metz.

DR. DUMBA WILL NOT GET SAFE CONDUCT TILL RECALL IS ACTED ON BY AUSTRIA

Lost Explorer Reappears



Vilhjalmur Stefansson.

After eighteen months, during which time he had been given up as lost in the "wilds of the Arctic, Vilhjalmur Stefansson, who went for the Canadian government to get more information about the white race he found in the ice, has sent word he is safe.

Stefansson set out more than two years ago to make further research among the blond Eskimos whose existence he discovered on a previous Arctic trip. His message, via Nome, Alaska, was the first direct tidings since April 17, 1914, when Stefansson's supporting party turned back from Camp Separation, the explorer and his two companions making for Banks Land.

Stefansson's return is a relief to the Canadian government to get more information about the white race he found in the ice, has sent word he is safe.

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BRYAN CONFERS WITH WILSON

Former Secretary of State and President Met For First Time Since Bryan Quit Cabinet— Subject Discussed Not Revealed

Washington, Sept. 22.—President Wilson and William Jennings Bryan met at the White House today for the first time since Bryan resigned. Bryan, who sought the interview "to pay his respects," declined to reveal what the president said.

As Bryan is contemplating a trip to Europe in peace interests and has already expressed opposition to large expenditures for national defense, official Washington assumed that these subjects were discussed. It is understood the president is not disposed to approve the trip to Europe. Bryan left today to continue his peace lectures.

Treaty Ratified.
Buenos Aires, Sept. 22.—The senate approved the arbitration treaty signed on May 28 by Argentina, Chile and Brazil. It also ratified the protocol entered into by Chile and Argentina, regulating the Beagle channel.

Postmasters Meet.
Cincinnati, Sept. 22.—About one hundred postmasters were present at the opening of the annual convention of the National Association of Postmasters of the third and fourth class. It will continue three days.

Hockin Asks Pardon.
Leavenworth, Sept. 22.—Herbert S. Hockin of Detroit, former secretary of the Iron Works Union, convicted at Indianapolis in the dynamite conspiracy case, appeared before the federal parole board here. He was the only one of the 33 convicted who did not appeal. He refused to ask for a parole declaring he wanted a pardon. His health caused today's appeal.

Death Decreases Roll
OF CIVIL WAR PENSIONERS

Washington, Sept. 22.—Death decreased the government's civil war pensioners roll nearly ten per cent during last year, according to the annual report of the commissioner of pensions.

A total of three hundred and ninety six thousand three hundred and seventy union veterans remain on the roll which in thirty-three thousand, two hundred and fifty-five less than a year ago. The pension payment decreased about fifteen millions.

HAS ASKED SAFE CONDUCT AND WANTS TO LEAVE SEPTEMBER 28.

VIENNA'S REPLY MAY BE DELAYED

Officials May Not Agree That Of- fender Be Recalled By Gov- ernment "On Leave."

Washington, Sept. 22.—After a conference between President Wilson and Acting Secretary Polk it became known tonight that the United States will make no effort to secure safe conduct from the United States for Dr. Dumba until Vienna has replied to the request that the ambassador be recalled.

The American attitude was indicated when Dr. Dumba today telegraphed the state department that he had been recalled on leave. He asked safe conduct and said he planned to sail on September twenty-eighth.

While the delay in Vienna's reply is believed due to the difficulty in communication between Washington and Vienna, it is not known whether Washington will be satisfied if Austria grants Dumba's request that he be withdrawn "on leave."

The president is still considering the case of Captain Von Papen and other German and Austrian officials involved in the Dumba incident.

DUMBA LETTERS APPEAR TO INVOLVE COL. E. M. HOUSE

New York, Sept. 22.—Colonel Edward M. House, President Wilson's friend and unofficial adviser, whose name appeared in a letter that Dumba wrote to the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, which was made public last night, said today that he had spoken to Dumba on several occasions, but the only time he could recall, when the question of ammunitions came up was some time ago when he said he did not think the United States would stop the exportation of ammunitions to any country. He did not quote President Wilson, but gave his personal opinion.

Dumba in his letter referred to House as follows:

The true ground for discouraging the attitude of the president lies, as his confidant Mr. House already informed me in January, and has now repeated in fact, that the author, in a serious crisis would have to rely on neutral foreign countries, for all their war material. At no price, and in no case will Mr. Wilson allow this source to dry up.

SPECIAL SESSION MAY BE CALLED

President May Call Senate to Meet Within Month to Consider Matters of Importance.

Washington, Sept. 22.—The president is seriously considering the advisability of calling a special session of the senate within the next month. Today he asked Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee for his opinion. The senator told the president that it is believed a special session should be called to consider executive business and a revision of rules to curtail debt. It is stated at the White House the president will reach a decision in a week or ten days.

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